

General Assembly

Raised Bill No. 7019

January Session, 2001

LCO No. 5071

Referred to Committee on Judiciary

Introduced by: (JUD)

AN ACT CONCERNING RELIEF FROM CIVIL DISABILITIES.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives in General Assembly convened:

- 1 Section 1. (NEW) For the purposes of this act, "eligible offender"
- 2 means a person who has been convicted of an offense, but who has not
- 3 been convicted more than once of a felony.
- 4 Sec. 2. (NEW) (a) A certificate of relief from disabilities may be
- 5 granted as provided in this act to relieve an eligible offender of any
- 6 forfeiture or disability, or to remove any bar to such offender's
- 7 employment, automatically imposed by law by reason of such
- 8 offender's conviction of the offense specified therein. Such certificate
- 9 may be limited to one or more enumerated forfeitures, disabilities or
- 10 bars, or may relieve the eligible offender of all forfeitures, disabilities
- 11 and bars.
- 12 (b) A conviction of an offense specified in a certificate of relief from
- disabilities shall not cause automatic forfeiture of any license, permit,
- 14 employment or franchise, including the right to register for or vote at
- an election, or automatic forfeiture of any other right or privilege held
- by the eligible offender and covered by the certificate. A conviction of

an offense specified in a certificate of relief from disabilities shall not be deemed to be a conviction within the meaning of any provision of the general statutes that imposes, by reason of a conviction, a bar to any employment, a disability to exercise any right or a disability to apply for or to receive any license, permit or other authority or privilege, covered by the certificate.

- (c) A certificate of relief from disabilities shall not prevent any judicial, administrative, licensing or other board or commission from relying on the conviction specified therein as the basis for the exercise of its discretionary power to suspend, revoke, refuse to issue or refuse to renew any license, permit or other authority or privilege.
- Sec. 3. (NEW) (a) Any superior court may, in its discretion, issue a certificate of relief from disabilities to an eligible offender for a conviction that occurred in such court if the court imposed a sentence other than a sentence of imprisonment involving commitment to the custody of the Commissioner of Correction. Such certificate may be issued (1) at the time of sentencing, in which case it may grant relief from forfeitures as well as from disabilities, or (2) at any time after sentencing, in which case it shall apply only to disabilities.
 - (b) The court shall not grant a certificate of relief from disabilities unless the court is satisfied that: (1) The person to whom the certificate is to be granted is an eligible offender, (2) the relief to be granted by the certificate is consistent with the rehabilitation of the eligible offender, and (3) the relief to be granted by the certificate is consistent with the public interest.
- (c) If a certificate of relief from disabilities is not issued at the time of sentencing, such certificate shall only be issued thereafter upon verified application to the court. The court may, for the purpose of determining whether such certificate should be issued, request the Office of Adult Probation to conduct an investigation of the applicant. Any probation officer requested to make an investigation pursuant to this subsection shall prepare and submit to the court a written report

49 in accordance with such request.

50

51

52

53

54

55

56

57

58

59

60

61

62

63

64

65

66

67

68

69

70

71

72

73

74

75

76

77

78

79

80

- (d) If the court has imposed a sentence of a term of imprisonment, with the execution of such sentence of imprisonment suspended entirely, and a period of probation of conditional discharge, and a certificate of relief from disabilities is issued prior to the completion of such period of probation or conditional discharge, the certificate shall be deemed to be a temporary certificate until the person completes such person's period of probation or conditional discharge. During the period that such certificate is temporary, the court (1) may revoke such certificate for violation of the conditions of such person's probation or conditional discharge, and (2) shall revoke such certificate if the court revokes such person's probation or conditional discharge and commits the person to the custody of the Commissioner of Correction. Prior to any such revocation, the court shall give such person notice and an opportunity to be heard. If the certificate is not revoked, it shall become a permanent certificate upon completion of such person's period of probation or conditional discharge.
- (e) Any court that has issued a certificate of relief from disabilities may at any time issue a new certificate to enlarge the relief previously granted, and the provisions of subsections (a) to (d), inclusive, of this section shall apply to the issuance of any new certificate.
- (f) Any written report submitted to the court pursuant to this section shall be confidential and not disclosed except where required or permitted by any provision of the general statutes or upon specific authorization of the court. The court may make such report available for examination by the applicant or the applicant's attorney.
- Sec. 4. (NEW) (a) The Board of Parole may, in its discretion, issue a certificate of relief from disabilities to an eligible offender who (1) has been committed to the custody of the Commissioner of Correction or, (2) resides in this state and whose judgment of conviction was rendered by a court in another jurisdiction. The board may issue such certificate at the time the board releases such person on parole or at

any time thereafter.

- (b) The Board of Parole shall not grant a certificate of relief from disabilities unless the board is satisfied that: (1) The person to whom the certificate is to be granted is an eligible offender, (2) the relief to be granted by the certificate is consistent with the rehabilitation of the eligible offender, and (3) the relief to be granted by the certificate is consistent with the public interest.
- (c) If a certificate of relief from disabilities is issued by the Board of Parole while an eligible offender is under the board's supervision, the certificate shall be deemed to be a temporary certificate until the person completes such person's period of parole and is discharged from the board's supervision. During the period that such certificate is temporary, the board may revoke such certificate for violation of the conditions of such person's parole. Prior to any such revocation, the board shall give such person notice and an opportunity to be heard. If the certificate is not revoked, it shall become a permanent certificate upon completion of such person's period of parole and discharge from the board's supervision.
- (d) The board may at any time issue a new certificate to enlarge the relief previously granted, and the provisions of subsections (a) to (c), inclusive, of this section shall apply to the issuance of any new certificate.
- Sec. 5. (NEW) (a) If a temporary certificate is revoked by the court as provided in subsection (d) of section 3 of this act or by the Board of Parole as provided in subsection (c) of section 4 of this act, disabilities and forfeitures thereby relieved shall be reinstated as of the date upon which the person to whom the certificate was issued receives written notice of such revocation. Any such person shall upon receipt of such notice surrender the certificate to the issuing court or board.
- (b) Any person who knowingly uses or attempts to use a revoked certificate of relief from disabilities in order to obtain or exercise any

- right or privilege which such person would not be entitled to obtain or
- exercise without a valid certificate shall be fined not more than five
- hundred dollars or imprisoned not more than three months, or both.

Statement of Purpose:

To promote the rehabilitation of persons convicted of certain offenses by authorizing courts and the Board of Parole to issue a certificate of relief from civil disabilities that would remove any prohibition on a convicted person being employed, holding certain state-issued licenses and permits or participating in certain civic activities if the court or board finds that such relief is consistent with the rehabilitation of the person and with the public interest.

[Proposed deletions are enclosed in brackets. Proposed additions are indicated by underline, except that when the entire text of a bill or resolution or a section of a bill or resolution is new, it is not underlined.]